

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

PASSED BY THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

AT ITS

SESSION OF 1860-'61:

TOGETHER WITH THE COMPTROLLER'S STATEMENT OF PUBLIC
REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

RALEIGH:

JOHN SPELMAN, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1861.

~~SLAVES AND FREE NEGROES.~~

Reported - March 10, 1860.

Chap. 34. AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER 107, SECTION 66, OF THE REVISED CODE,
RELATING TO FREE NEGROES HAVING ARMS.

Not to carry or
keep arms.
Fine of \$50.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That chapter 107, section 66, of the Revised Code, be amended to read as follows: If any free negro shall wear or carry about his person or keep in his house any shot gun, musket, rifle, pistol, sword, sword cane, dagger, bowie knife, powder or shot, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction fined not less than fifty dollars.*

Power to grant
licenses repealed.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, That all laws empowering the several county courts of the State to grant licenses to free negroes to carry fire arms, be and the same are hereby repealed. [Ratified the 23d day of February, 1861.]*

Chap. 35. AN ACT TO CHANGE THE RULES OF EVIDENCE IN INDICTMENTS FOR
March 10, 1860. TRADING WITH SLAVES.

Burden of proof
on defendant.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That in all indictments for trading and trafficking with slaves, or for giving or selling liquor to slaves, wherein it is necessary negatively to aver the consent of the owner or manager of the slave to the trading, selling or giving, that the burden of proof shall rest upon the defendant to show that he had a written license or permit, as required by law, to trade, or give, or sell to the slave. [Ratified the 23d day of February, 1861.]