SESSION LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF WASHINGTON

ELEVENTH SESSION

Convened January 11; Adjourned March 11

1909

COMPILED IN CHAPTERS, WITH MARGINAL NOTES

--BY--

SAM H. NICHOLS

Secretary of State

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EXPLANATORY NOTE.

The Eleventh Legislature convened on January 11th, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon (that being the second Monday) and adjourned sine die on March 11th, 1909, at 12 o'clock midnight. All laws passed by said session and approved by the Governor, or allowed to become laws without his approval, take effect in ninety days after adjournment, or at 12 o'clock midnight, on June 8th, 1909, except certain relief bills, appropriation bills and those acts having an emergency clause.

SAM H. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

LAWS OF WASHINGTON.

CHAPTER 1.

[S. B. 1.]

APPROPRIATION FOR LEGISLATIVE EXPENSES.

An Act appropriating the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the expenses of the Eleventh Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. That there be and there is hereby appropri- Appropriation legislative ated out of the funds of the State of Washington the sum expenses \$85,000. of eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary to be used for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Eleventh Legislature of the State of Washington.

Passed by the Senate January 11, 1909. Passed by the House January 11, 1909. Approved January 12, 1909.

CHAPTER 2.

[S. B. 47.]

SEAL OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

An Act prescribing the form of the official seal of the State Insurance Commissioner, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. The seal of the State Insurance Commis- Seal Insursioner of the State of Washington shall be a vignette of ment. General George Washington, with the words, "Insurance Department, State of Washington," surrounding the vignette.

Sec. 2. An emergency exists and this act shall take Emergency. effect immediately.

Passed by the Senate January 20, 1909. Passed by the House January 21, 1909. Approved January 29, 1909.

CHAPTER 249.

[S. B. 300.]

[The Criminal Code was taken largely from New York and Minnesota.]

CRIMINAL CODE.

An Act relating to crimes and punishments and the rights and custody of persons accused or convicted of crime, and repealing certain acts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

CHAPTER 1.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 1. Classification of Crimes.

Classification of crimes. A crime is an act or omission forbidden by law and punishable upon conviction by death, imprisonment, fine or other penal discipline. Every crime which may be punished by death or by imprisonment in the state penitentiary is a felony. Every crime punishable by a fine of not more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than ninety days, is a misdemeanor. Every other crime is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. Persons Punishable.

The following persons are liable to punishment:

Persons punishable.

- 1. A person who commits in the state any crime, in whole or in part.
- 2. A person who commits out of the state any act which, if committed within it, would be larceny, and is afterward found in the state with any of the stolen property.
- 3. A person who, being out of the state, counsels, causes, procures, aids or abets another to commit a crime in this state.
- 4. A person who, being out of the state, abducts or kidnaps, by force or fraud, any person, contrary to the laws of the place where the act is committed, and brings, sends or conveys such person into this state.
- 5. A person who commits an act without the state which affects persons or property within the state, or the public health, morals or decency of the state, which, if committed within the state, would be a crime.

SEC. 307. Aiming or Discharging Firearms.

Discharging firearms. Every person who shall aim any gun, pistol, revolver or other firearm, whether loaded or not, at or towards any human being, or who shall wilfully discharge any firearm, air gun or other weapon, or throw any deadly missile in a public place, or in any place where any person might be endangered thereby, although no injury result, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 308. Use of Firearms by Minor.

Use of firearms by minor. No minor under the age of fourteen years shall handle or have in his possession or under his control, except while accompanied by or under the immediate charge of his parent or guardian, any firearm of any kind for hunting or target practice or for other purposes. Every person violating any of the foregoing provisions, or aiding or knowingly permitting any such minor to violate the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 309. Offenses in Public Conveyances.

Offenses in public conveyances.

Every person who shall wilfully use profane, offensive, or indecent language or engage in any quarrel in any public conveyance, or interfere with or annoy any passenger therein, or, having refused to pay the proper fare, shall fail to leave any such conveyance upon demand, or, with intent to avoid the payment of fare shall ride upon any car or engine not commonly used for the carriage of passengers, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 310. Criminal Anarchy Defined.

Criminal anarchy. Criminal anarchy is the doctrine that organized government should be overthrown by force or violence, or by assassination of the executive head or of any of the executive officials of government, or by any unlawful means. The advocating of such doctrine either by word of mouth or writing is a felony.

SEC. 313. [311.] Advocacy of Criminal Anarchy. Every person who—

Advocacy of criminal anarchy.

1. By word of mouth or writing shall advocate, advise or teach the duty, necessity or propriety of overthrowing or overturning organized government by force or violence,